

OBSERVATIONAL EVIDENCE OF COLLAPSE

LONG-DELAYED

EARLY, PREMATURE CLAIMS
CRITICISM

LOOKING IN THE "WRONG" PLACE

RECENT RENAISSANCE

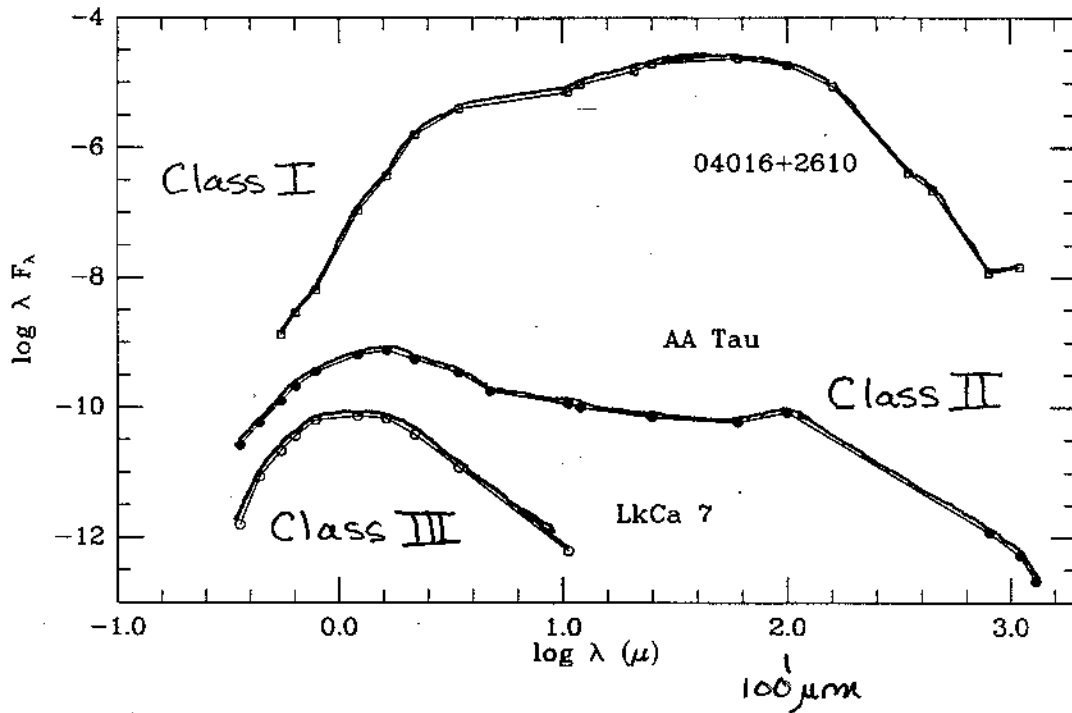
DISCOVERY OF OBJECTS IN
VERY EARLY PHASES

A PREDICTIVE THEORY

A CREDIBLE FIRST EXAMPLE

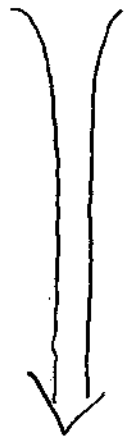
SYSTEMATIC SURVEYS

Spectral Energy Distributions

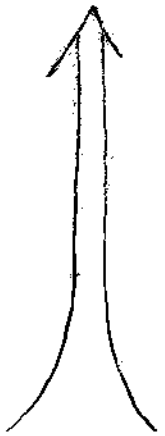


Evolutionary Sequence (Lada 1987, Adams, Shu, Lada 1987)

TIME



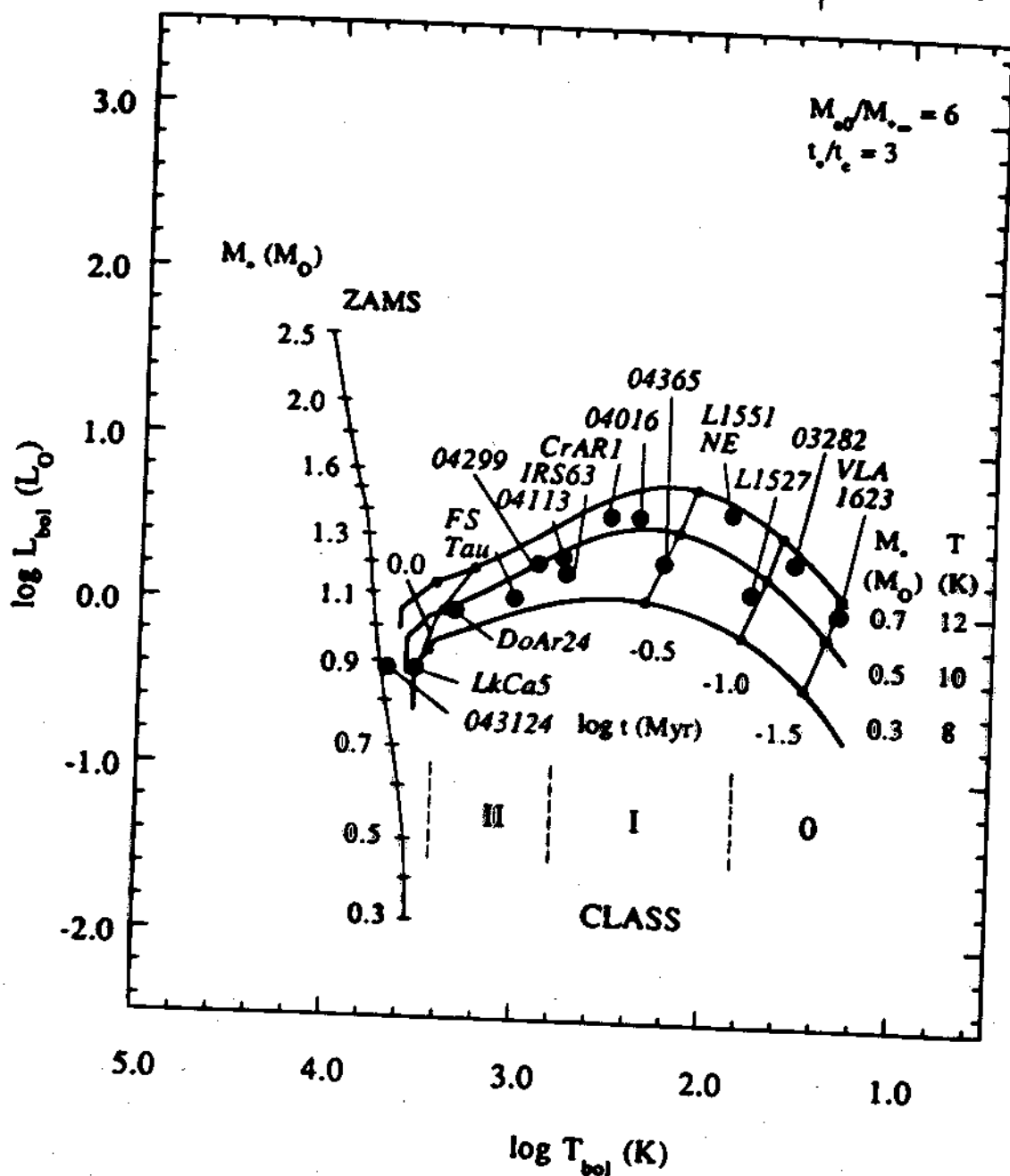
- Class I λF_{λ} rising in mid/far-IR
peaks in mid/far-IR
- Class II λF_{λ} flat or dropping mid/far-IR
peaks in NEAR-IR
- Class III λF_{λ} looks like reddened Blackbody



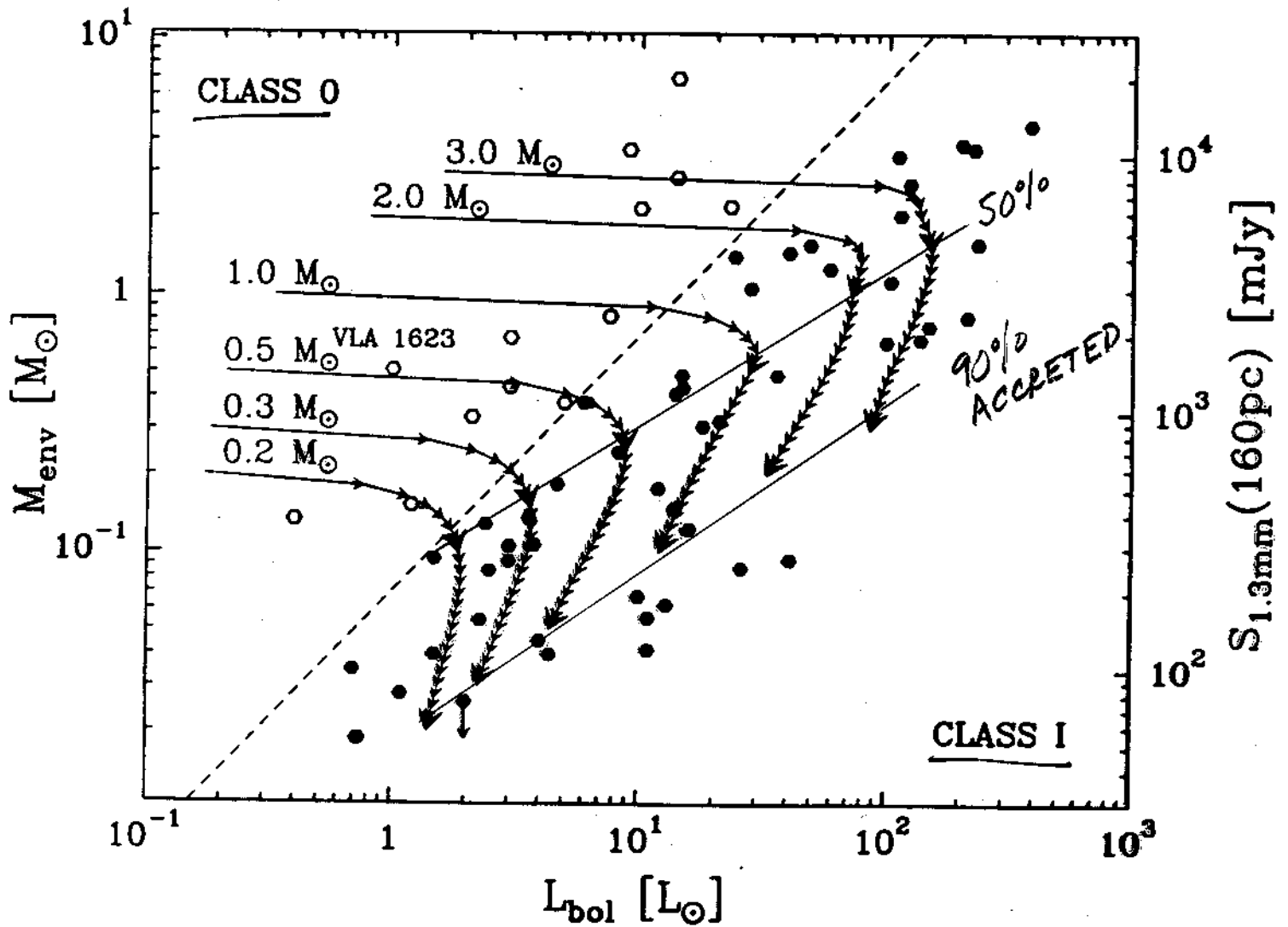
ADDITIONS TO Scheme:

- Pre-protostellar Cores No IRAS detected Source ($\lambda < 100 \mu\text{m}$)
- Class ϕ λF_{λ} peak $> 100 \mu\text{m}$ - Not detected in NEAR-IR

MORE
EMBEDDED



ILLUSTRATIVE EVOLUTIONARY TRACKS IN "BLT" DIAGRAM



EVOLUTIONARY TRACKS IN S_{mm}/L_{bol} DIAGRAM

André et al. PPIV

KINEMATICS

THE EVOLUTIONARY SCENARIO IS
BASED ON SEDs.

DUST EMISSION \Rightarrow NO KINEMATICS

CAN WE SEE KINEMATIC EVIDENCE?

PREDICT LINE PROFILES

INSIDE-OUT COLLAPSE

CONSIDER SPECIFIC THEORETICAL MODEL :

INSIDE-OUT COLLAPSE : SHU (1977)

COLLAPSE BEGINS ~~AT~~ AT CENTER OF
CENTRALLY CONDENSED CORE

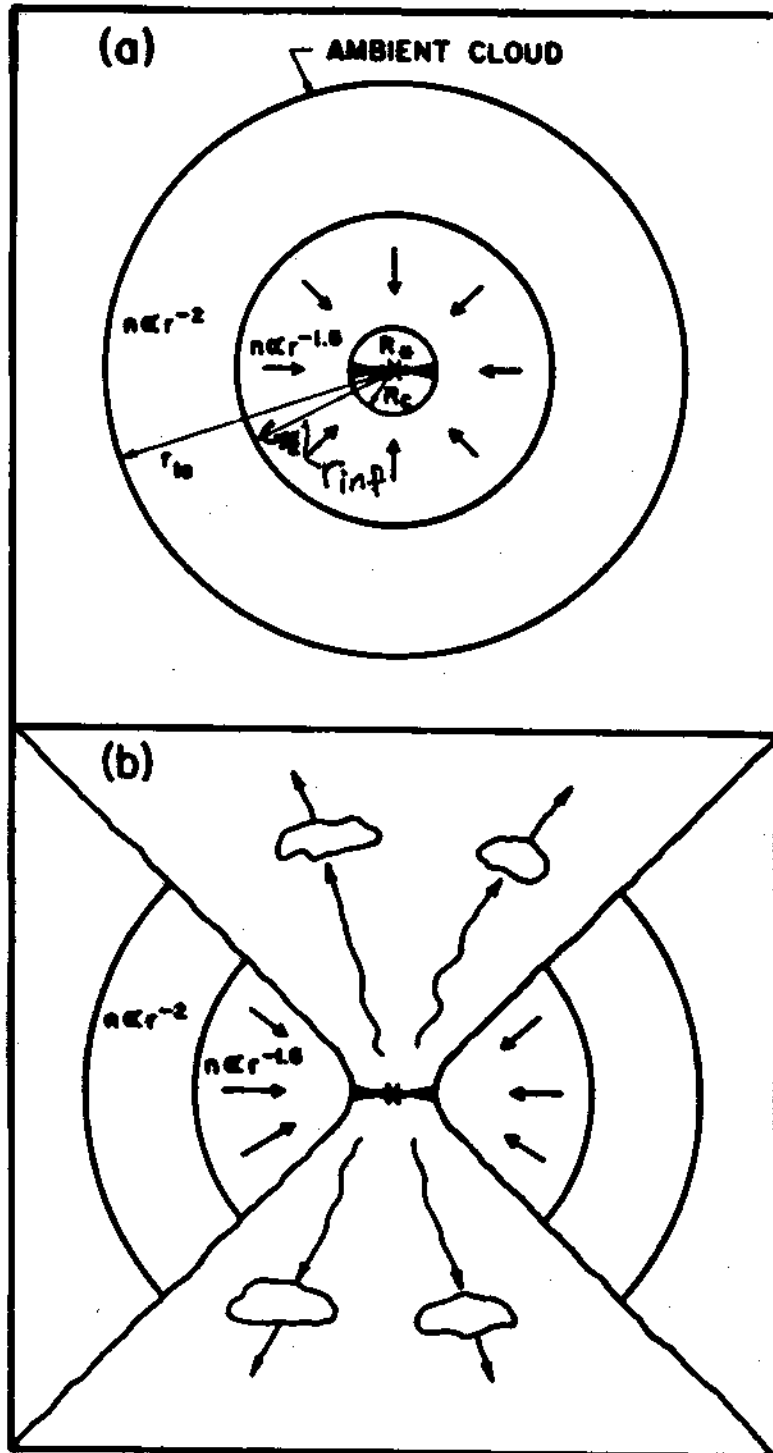
A WAVE OF INFALL PROPAGATES OUTWARD
AT SOUND SPEED (a)

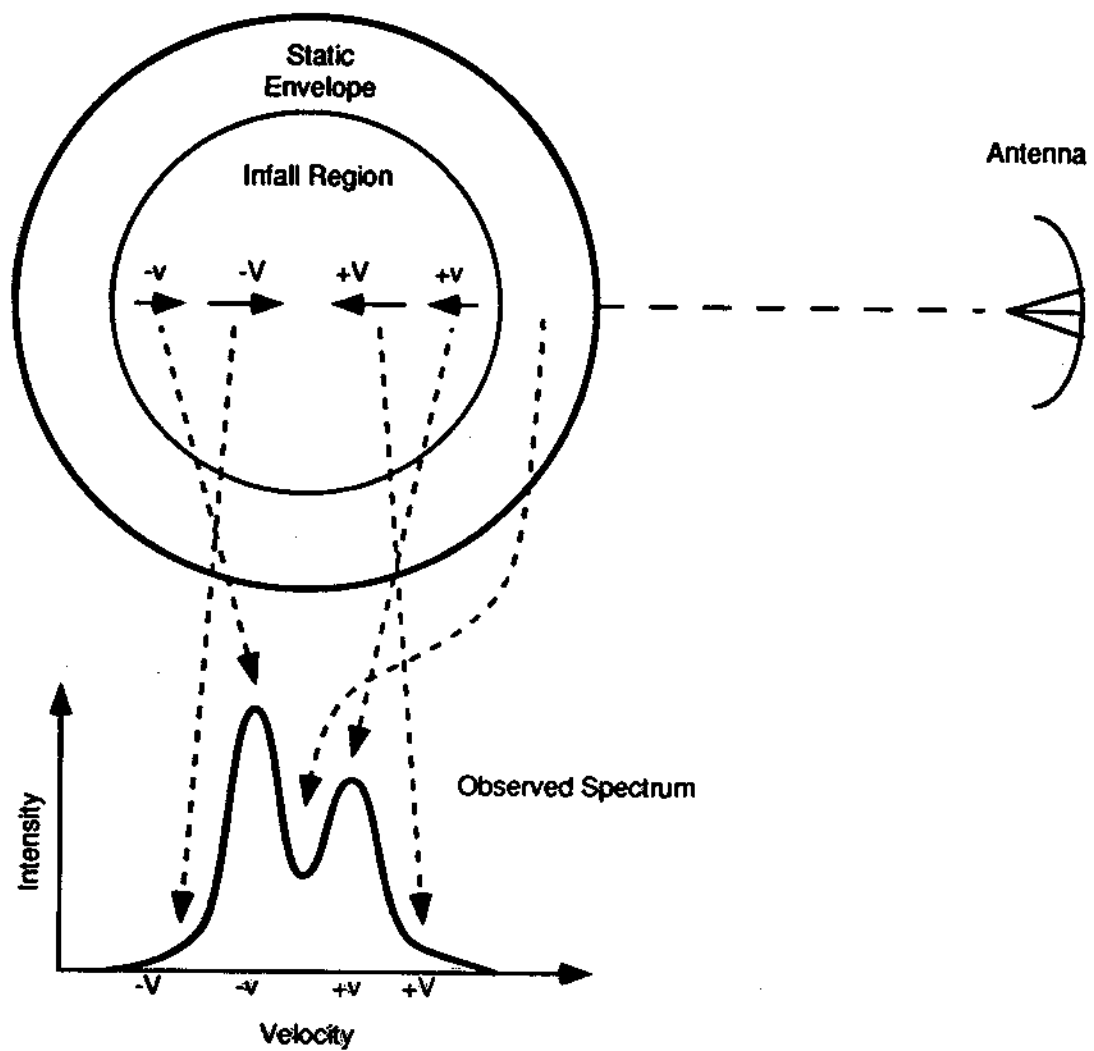
⇒ REGION OF INFALL,

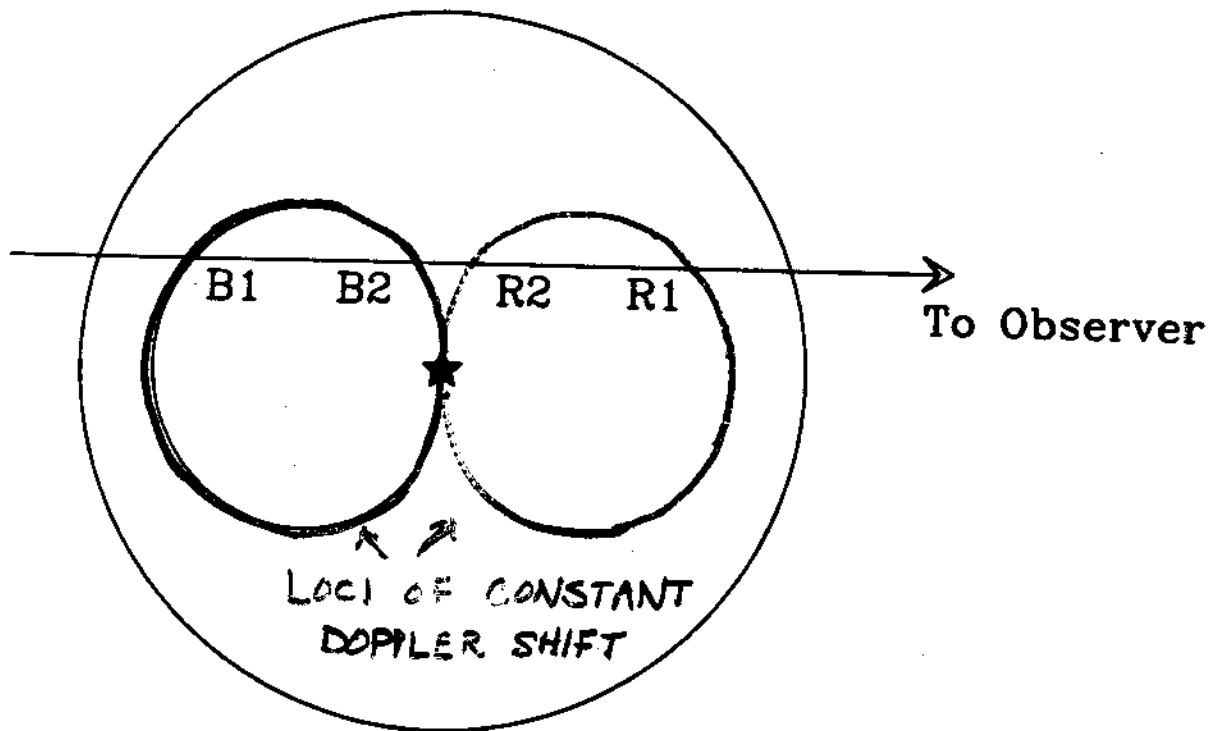
SURROUNDED BY,

A STATIC ENVELOPE

$$r_{\text{inf}} = at$$







$T_{\text{ex}}(\nu)$ DECLINES WITH ν ; ν LARGE

$$T_R(B_2) > T_R(B_1)$$

$$T_R(R_2) > T_R(R_1)$$

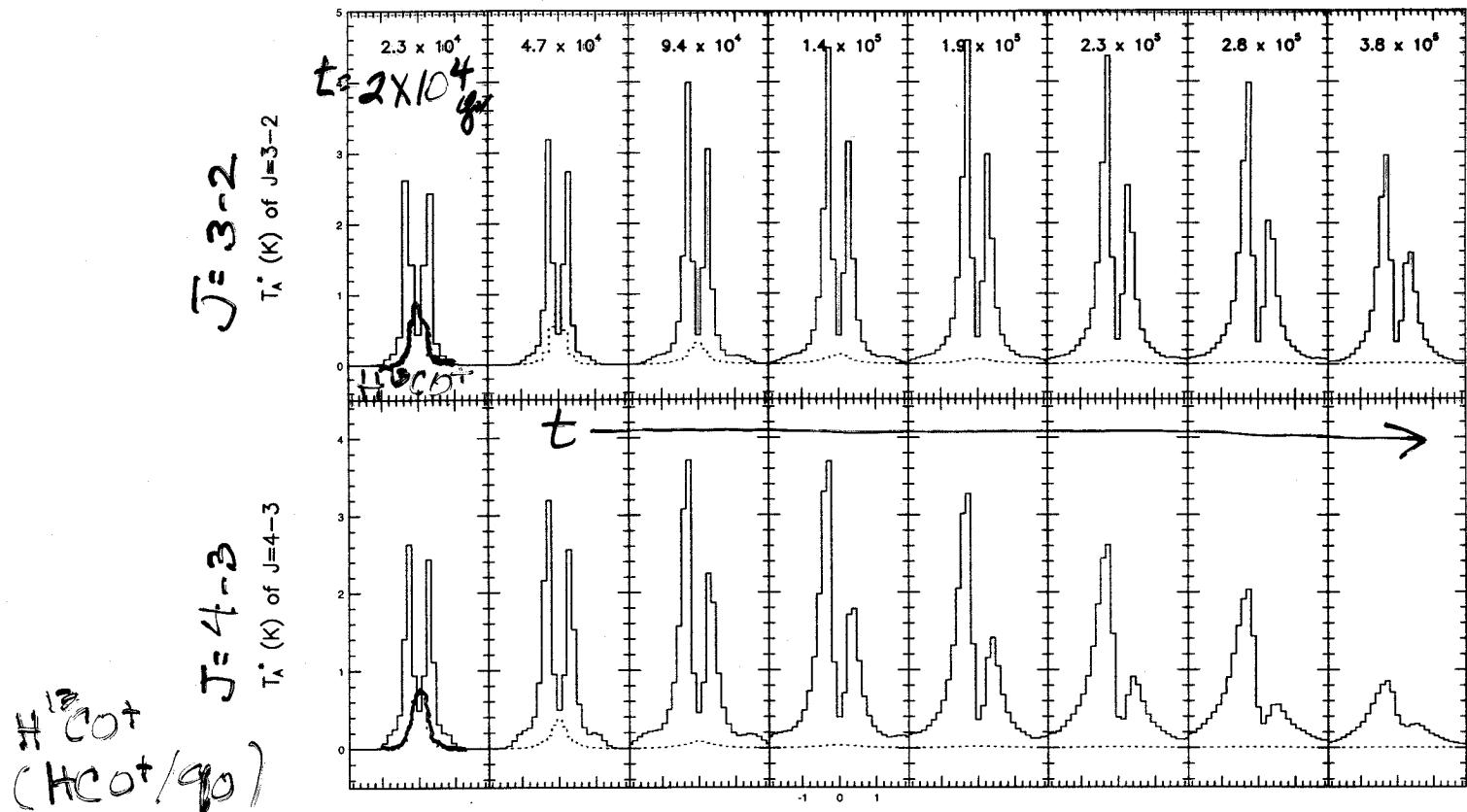
B_2 IS NOT HIDDEN

BUT R_2 HIDDEN BY R_1

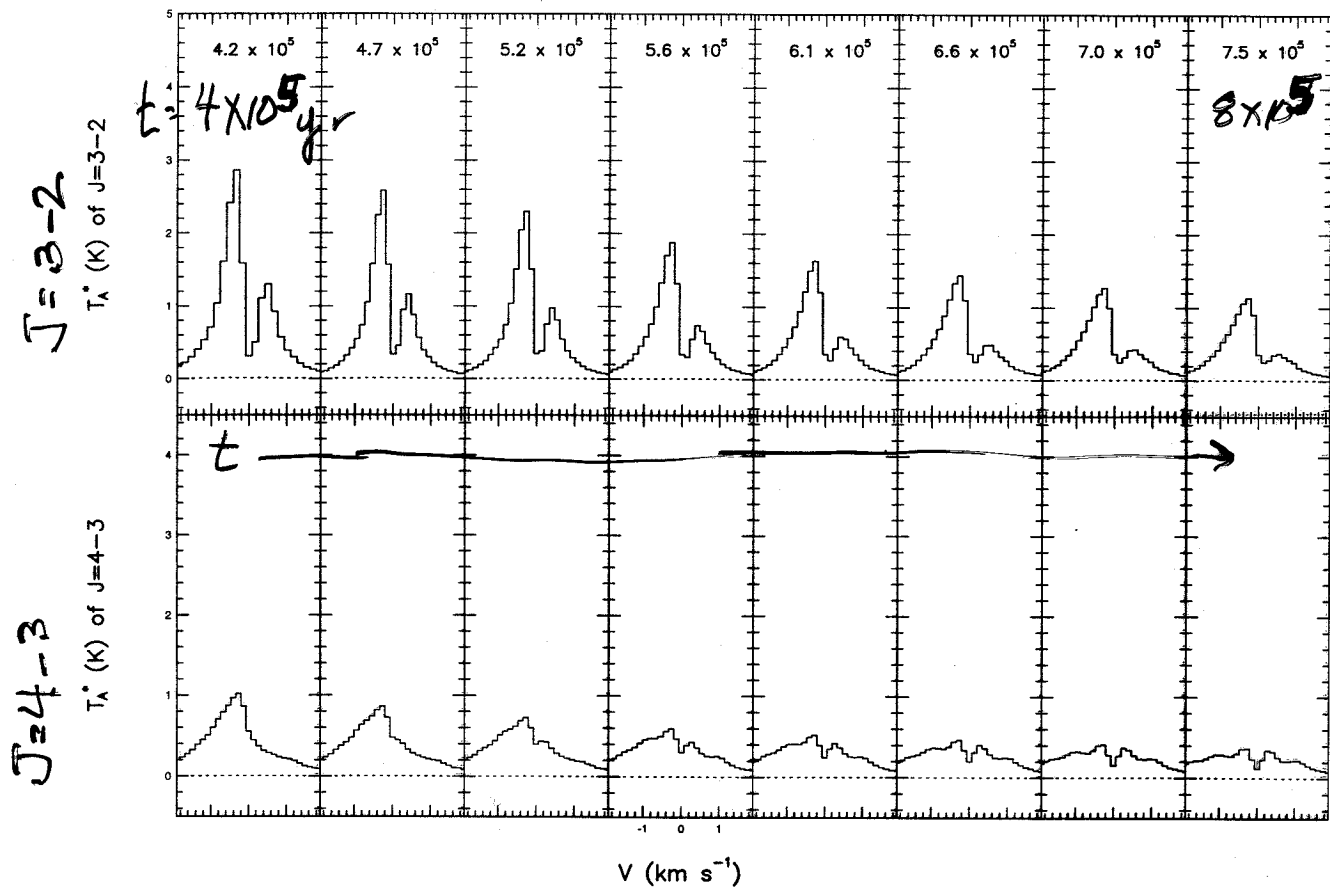
IT IS IN FRONT



$$X(\text{HCO}^+) = 6 \times 10^{-9}$$



$v \text{ (km s}^{-1}\text{)}$
TIME EVOLUTION OF HCO^+ PROFILES
INSIDE-OUT COLLAPSE



$d = 140 \text{ pc, CSO BEAMS}$

Gregersen 10

QUANTITATIVE MEASURES

BLUE/RED RATIO: $T_A^*(\text{blue})/T_A^*(\text{red}) > 1$

NEED 2 DISTINCT PEAKS

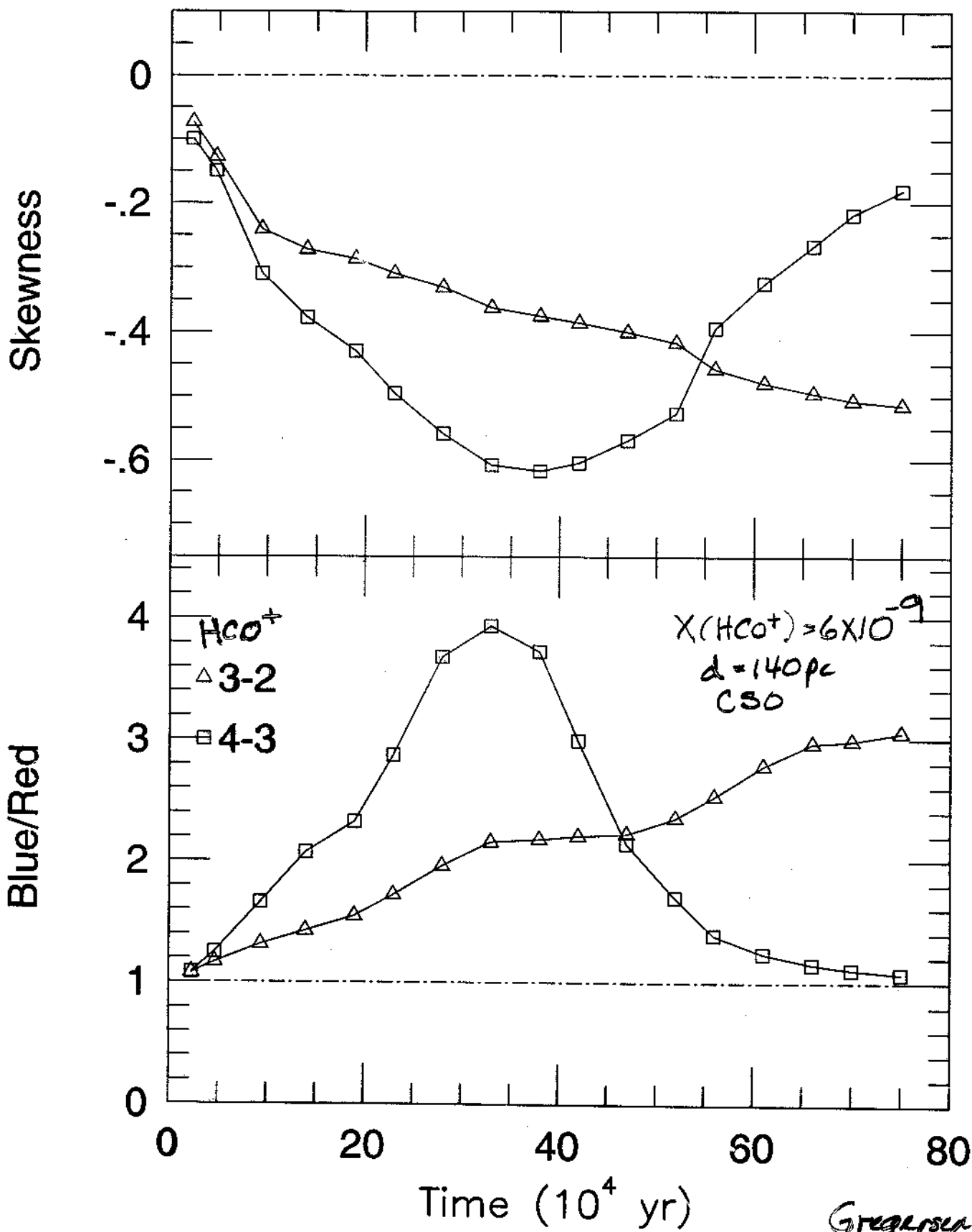
SKEWNESS: $\frac{\sum [T_A^*(V-V_{LSR})^3] dV}{\sum T_A^* dV} / \left\{ \frac{\sum T_A^*(V-V_{LSR})^2 dV}{\sum T_A^* dV} \right\}^{3/2} < 0$

RESTRICT RANGE TO AVOID OUTFLOW

VELOCITY DIFFERENCE: $\delta V = (V_{\text{thick}} - V_{\text{thin}}) / \Delta V_{\text{thin}} < 0$

QUALITATIVELY,

"BLUE"



B335 : A CREDIBLE EXAMPLE

BLUE PROFILES IN H_2CO , CS , HCO^+

OPTICALLY THIN LINES PEAK IN THE DIP
OF OPTICALLY THICK LINES

HAS EMBEDDED SOURCE
CLASS 0 $T_{\text{bol}} \sim 30K$

MAP PEAKS ON SOURCE

OUTFLOW WELL COLLIMATED, IN PLANE OF SKY

MODEL : LOW TURBULENCE, THERMAL SUPPORT
ISOLATED, "ROUNDISH" GLOBULE

ROTATION VERY SLOW $\Omega = 1.4 \times 10^{-14} \text{ s}^{-1}$
ON LARGE SCALES

⇒ SIMPLE, INSIDE-OUT, SPHERICAL MODEL

MANY LINES MATCH OBSERVATIONS

B335 : BOK GLOBULE

MOST CONVINCING CASE OF COLLAPSE

(Zhou et al. 1993, *Ap.J.* 404, 232)

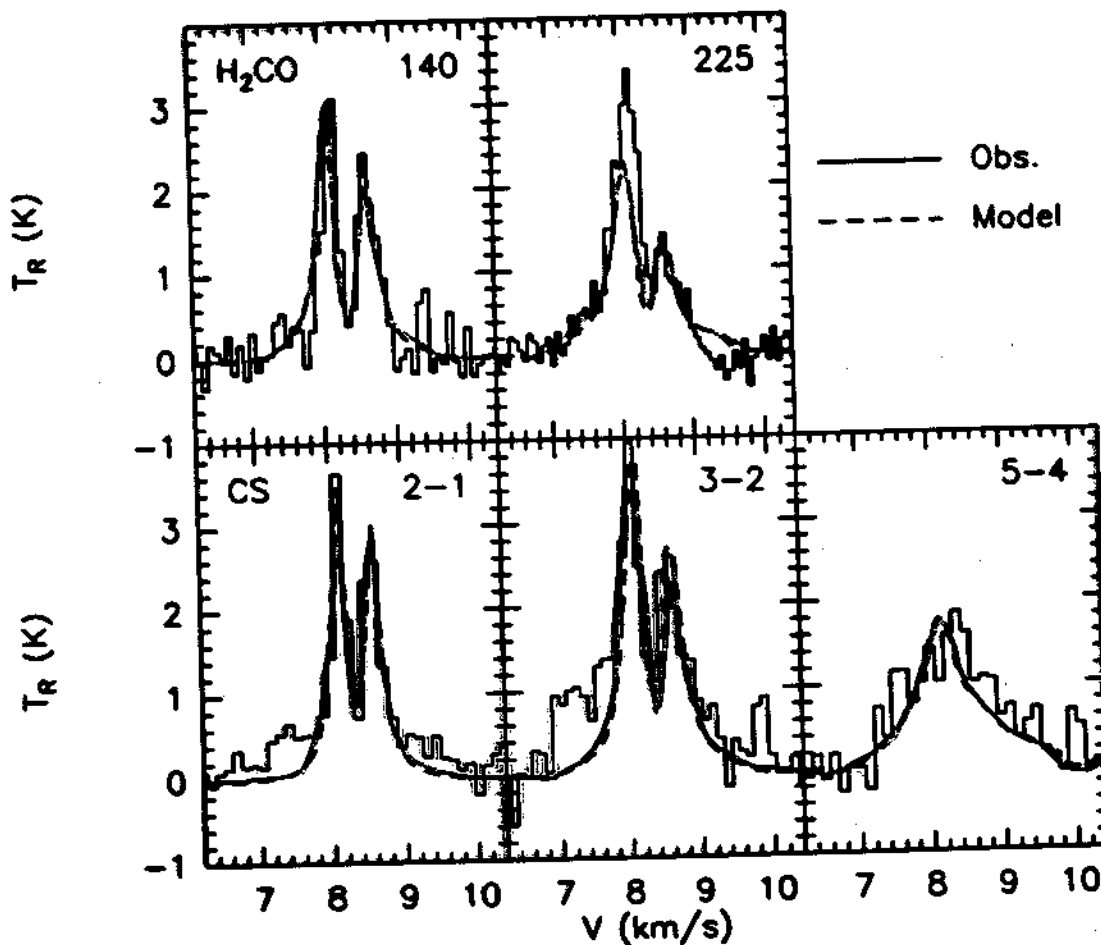
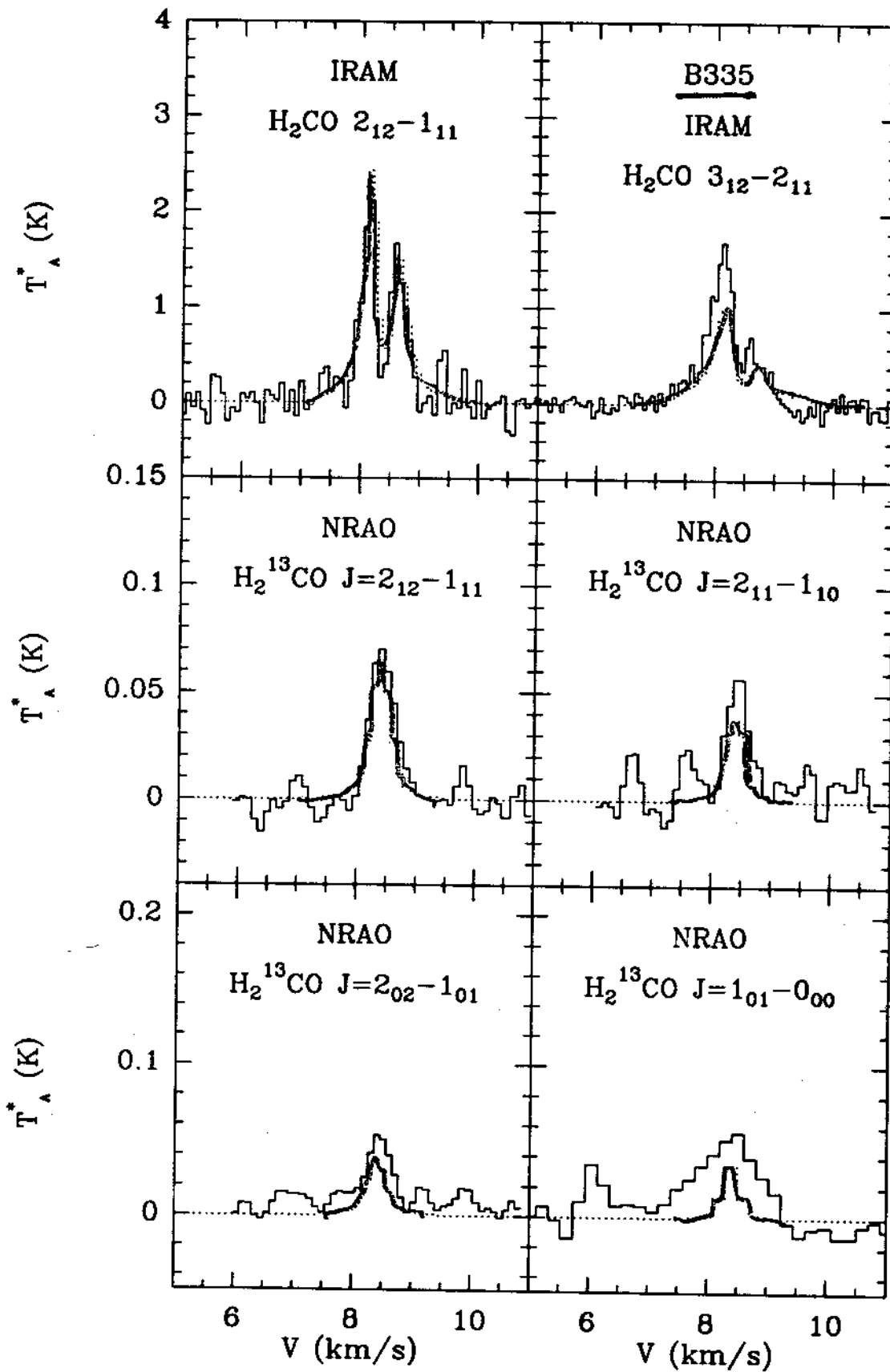
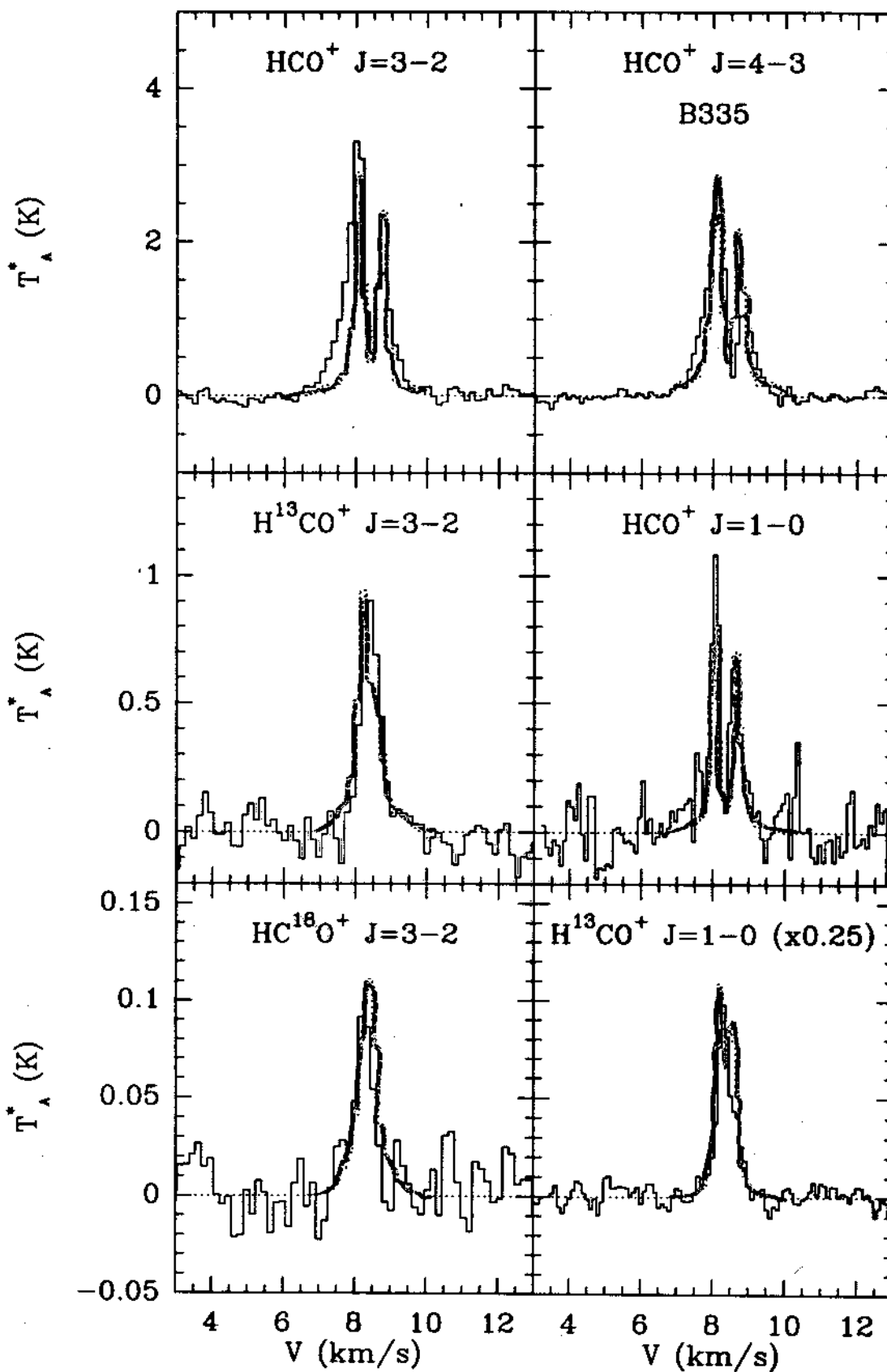


Fig. 2.— CS and H₂CO line profiles. Solid lines are the observations of Z93. Dashed lines are the best-fit model [$r_{inl} = 0.030$ pc, $X(\text{CS}) = 5.5 \times 10^{-9}$, and $X(\text{H}_2\text{CO}) = 4.6 \times 10^{-9}$].

Choi et al. 1995 Aug. 1 *ApJ*



Evans et al.
in prep



SURVEYS FOR BLUE PROFILES

GLOBULES: $C^{18}O$, H_2CO 3/12 Wang et al. 1995
 + CS 2-1, ... 6/18 Lounhardt et al. 1998

CLASS 0 CORES ($T_{bol} < 75$):
 HCO^+ , $H^{13}CO^+$ 9/23 Gregersen et al. 1997
 $J=3-2, 4-3$

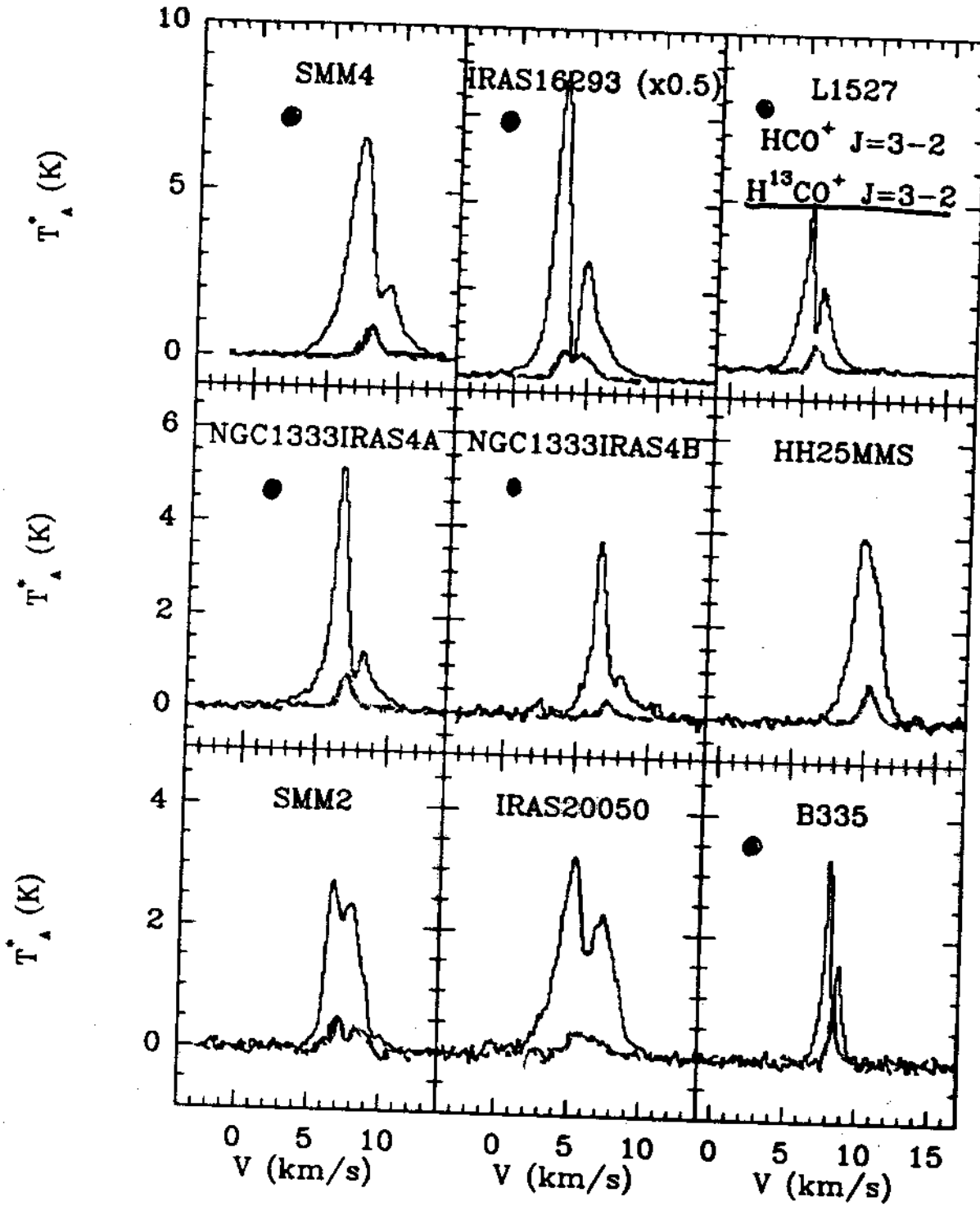
CLASS 0/I CORES ($T_{bol} < 200K$)
 CS, H_2CO, N_2H^+ 15/47 H_2CO
 14/37 CS
 Mardones et al. 1998

CLASS I CORES 10/19 HCO^+
 Gregersen et al. 1998

CLASS -1 (STARLESS CORES, PREPROTOSTELLAR CORES, ...)

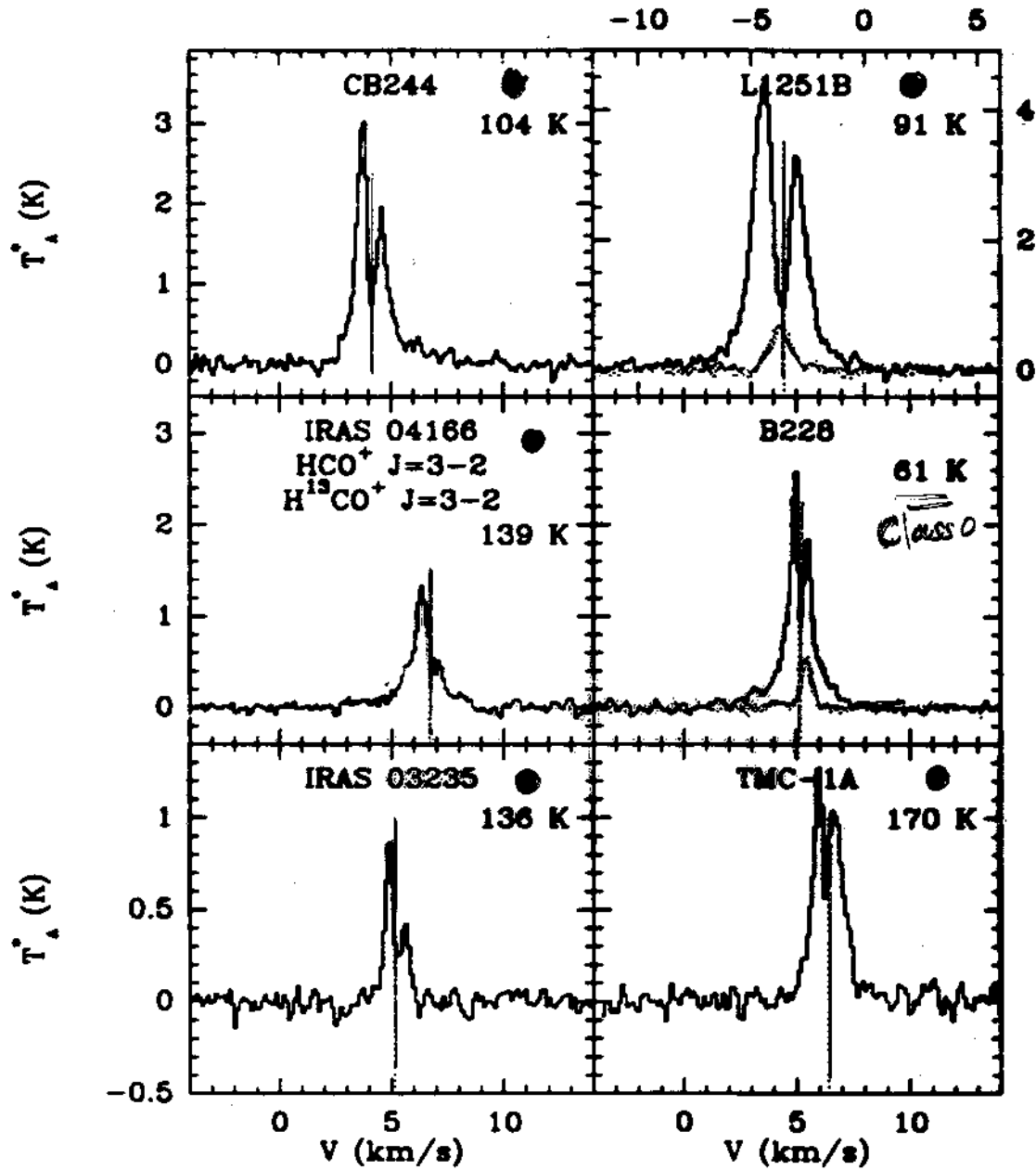
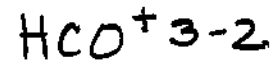
HCO^+ 1-0 ~12/46 Myers et al. in prep
 HCO^+ 3-2 ~5/17 Gregersen et al. in prep.
 CS, NH_2^+ ~20/70 Lee & Myers, TAFALLA 1999

CLASS 0



Gregersen et al. 1997

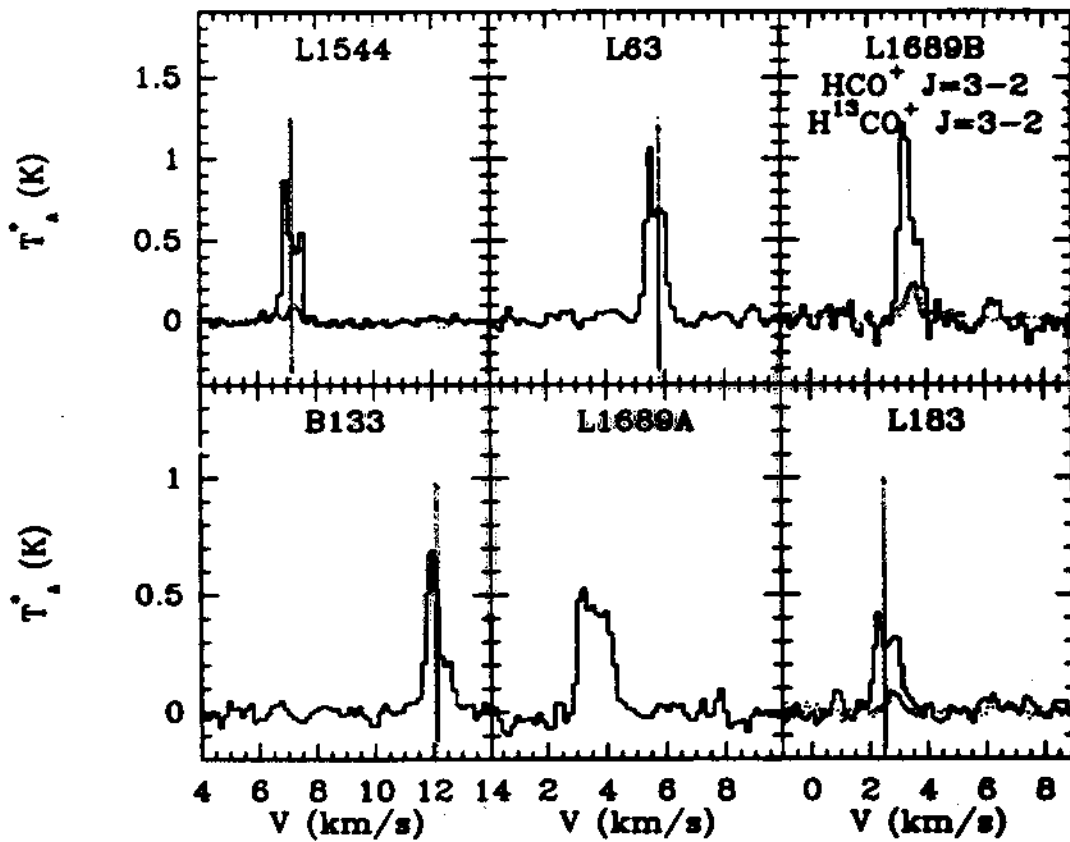
BLUE CLASS I SOURCES



Gregersen et al. 1998

BLUE CLASS - I SOURCES

$\text{HCO}^+ 3-2$

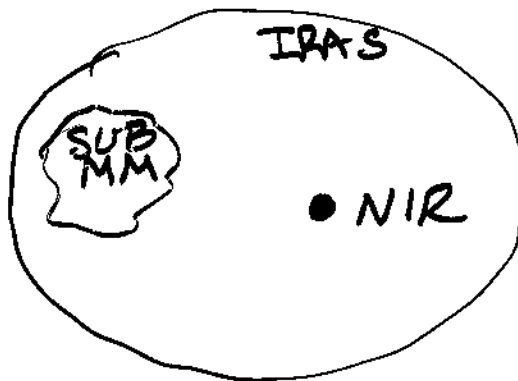


Gregersen 1998

CAVEATS

1. BLUE PROFILE $\xRightarrow{?}$ COLLAPSE
2. \exists RED PROFILES
WHAT CAUSES THOSE?
3. IS COLLAPSE ONTO THE OBJECT SURVEYED?

ARE CLASS I's?



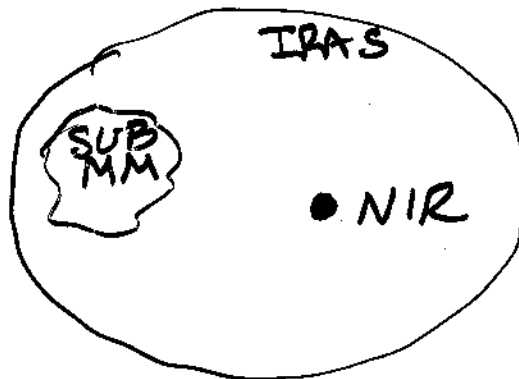
OR ARE THEY CLASS 0 + CLASS II?

WHERE DOES THE COLLAPSE
CENTER?

CAVEATS

1. BLUE PROFILE $\xRightarrow{?}$ COLLAPSE
2. \exists RED PROFILES
WHAT CAUSES THOSE?
3. IS COLLAPSE ONTO THE OBJECT SURVEYED?

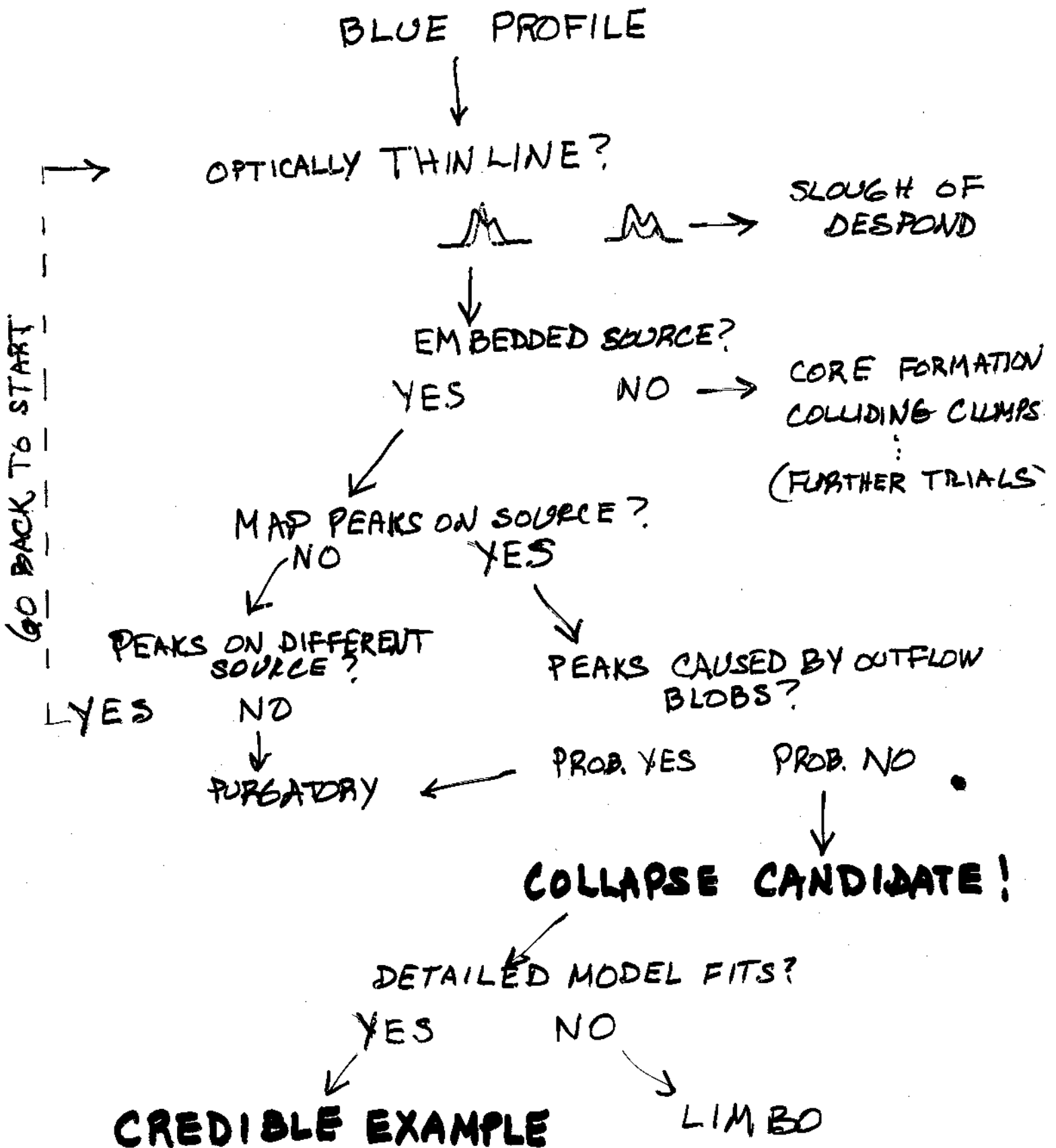
ARE CLASS I's?



OR ARE THEY CLASS 0 + CLASS I?

WHERE DOES THE COLLAPSE
CENTER?

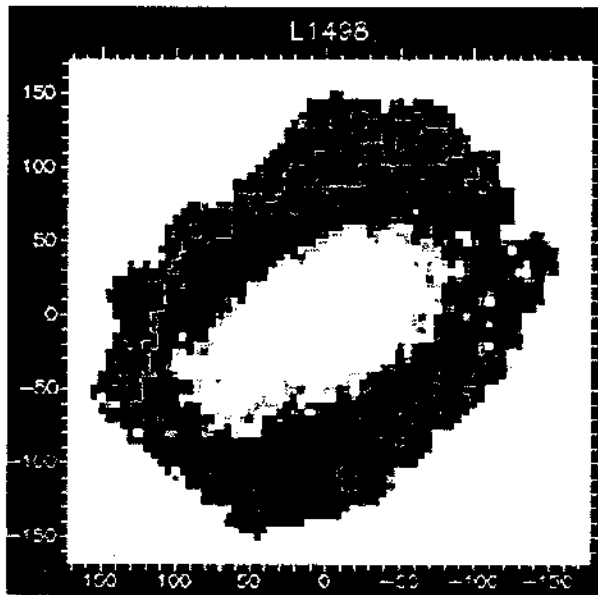
A PROFILE'S PROGRESS



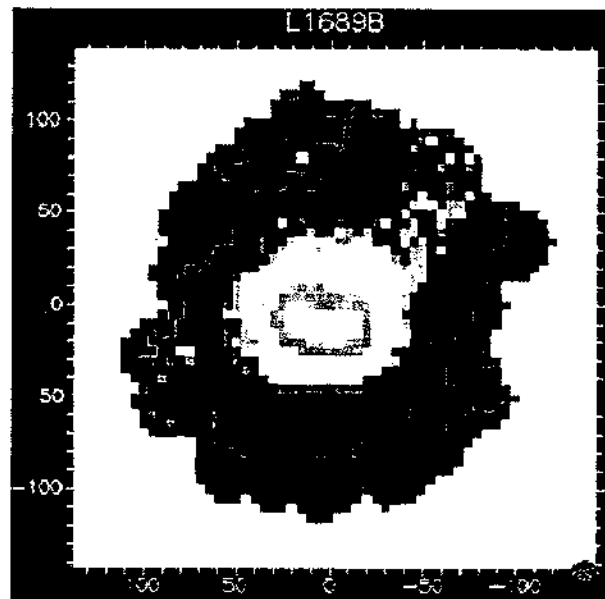
PRE-PROTO STELLAR

850
μm

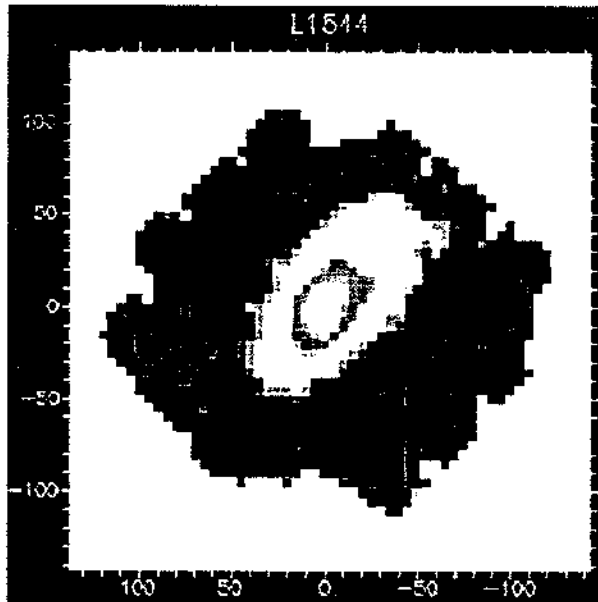
L1498



L1689B



L1544



B133



L1544

B133

ISSUES

1. IF CLASS 0 ARE COLLAPSING, WHAT CAUSES RED PROFILES?
... PROFILES WITH NO ASYMMETRY?
2. STATUS OF CLASS I SOURCES.
... COLLAPSE IN CLASS I SOURCES.
3. COPING WITH OUTFLOW
4. $T_A^*(\text{BLUE}) / T_A^*(\text{RED}) > \text{MODEL PREDICTIONS}$
ACUTE WITH INTERFEROMETERS
5. DEALING WITH ROTATION, MAGNETIC FIELDS, TURBULENCE, CLUMPS, ...

BLUE/RED RATIOS ARE MORE EXTREME
WITH INTERFEROMETERS

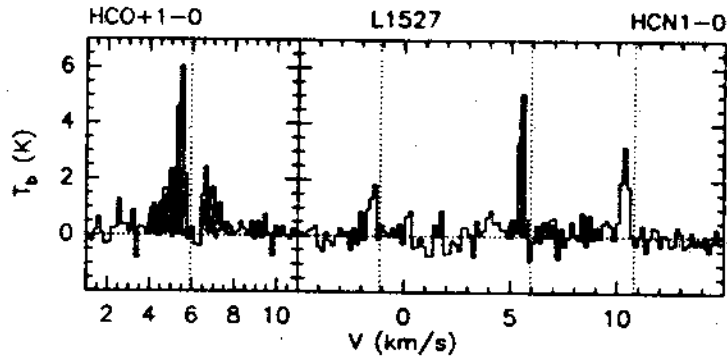


FIG. 3f

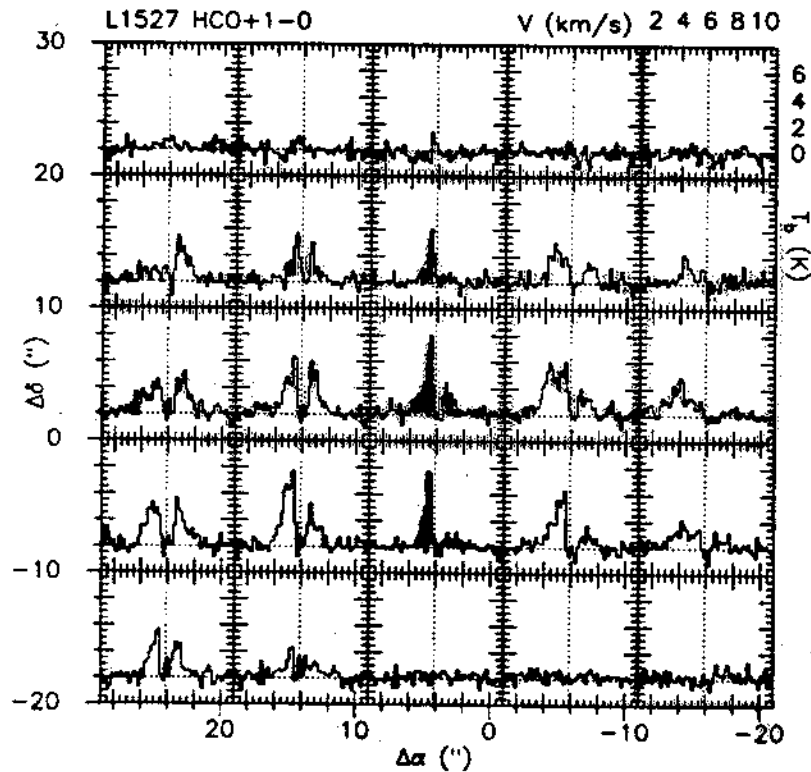
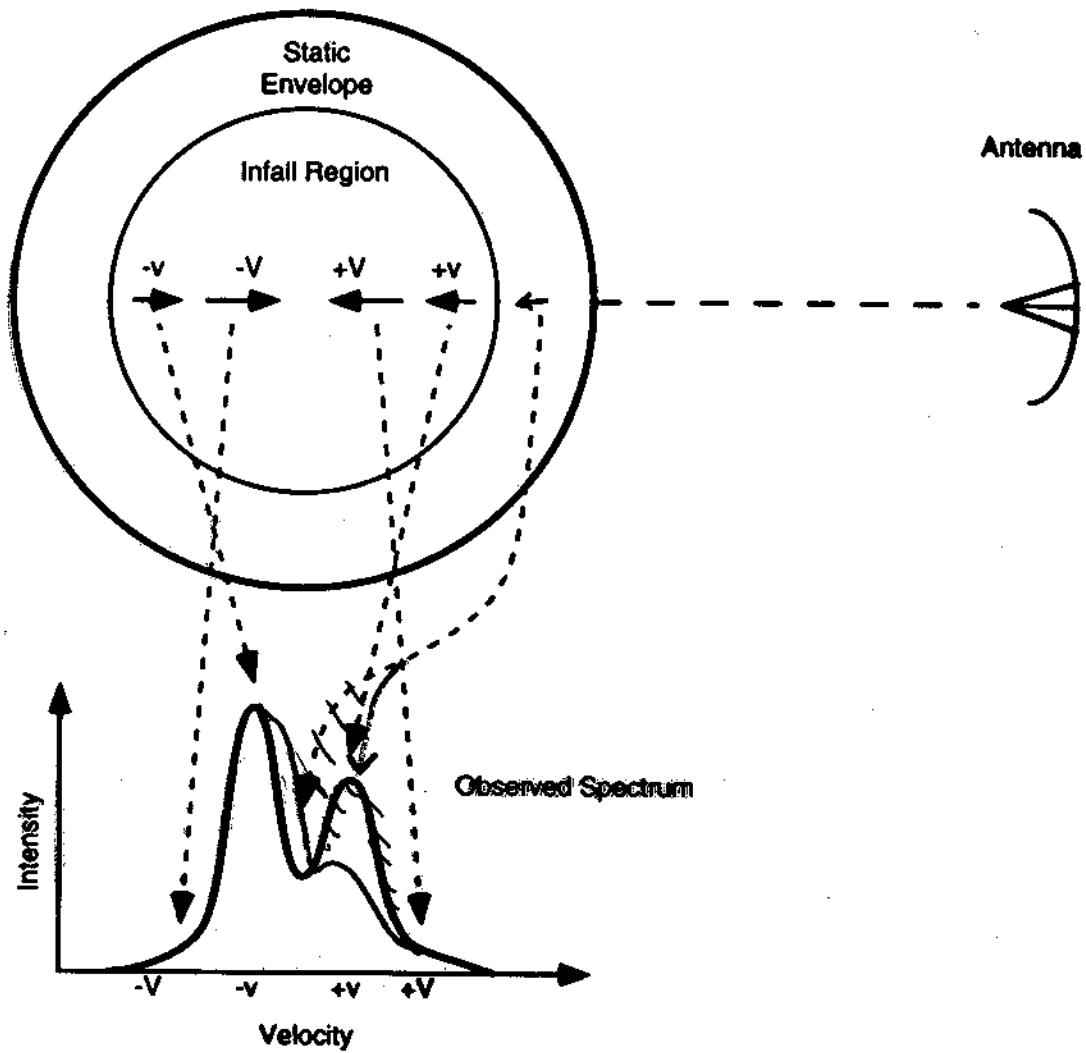


FIG. 3g

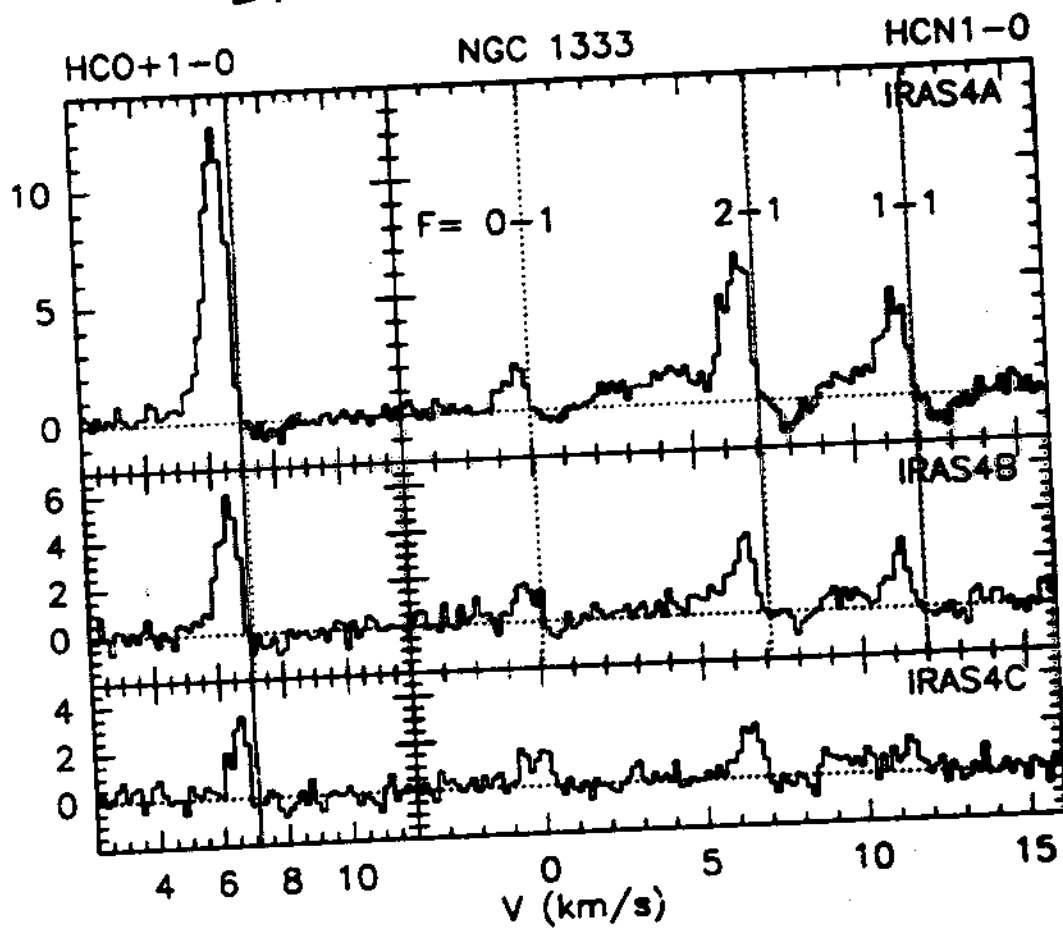
BIMA $\theta_b \sim 10''$

Choi et al. 1998



POSSIBLE EFFECT OF MORE EXTENDED
INFALL ZONE

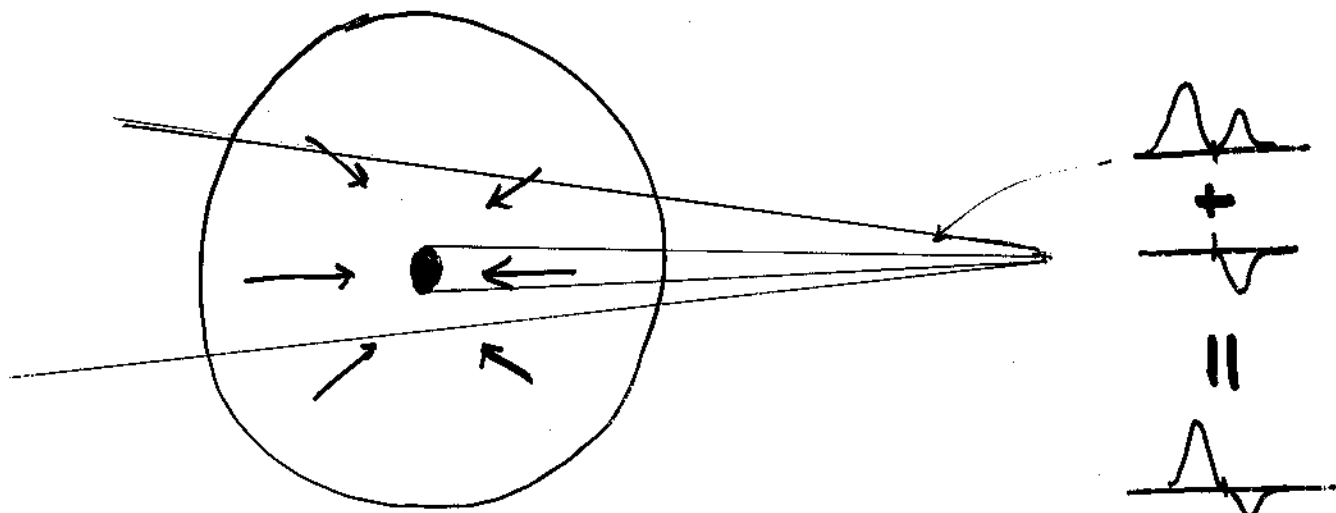
RED PEAK MISSING
IN ABSORPTION ?
INVERSE P-CYGN1



BIMA DATA

Choi et al. 1999

POSSIBLE EXPLANATION FOR INVERSE P-CYGNI PROFILE



WHAT WILL SOFIA ADD?

1. PHOTOMETRY / IMAGING [HAWC, FORCAST]

$N(\lambda), T(\lambda)$ { LUMINOSSITY SOURCES IN CONFUSED REGIONS
COLUMN DENSITY - DUST
IMAGE QUALITY, STABILITY OF PSF

2. ABSORPTION SPECTROSCOPY [EXES, GREAT, CASIMIR]

$V(\lambda) \leftarrow$ P-CYGNI PROFILES

MIR [EXES] ABSORPTION BY FRONT HALF
SPEC. RESOLUTION ($\Delta v \sim 3 \text{ km/s}$)

FIR/SMM [GREAT, CASIMIR] ENVELOPE

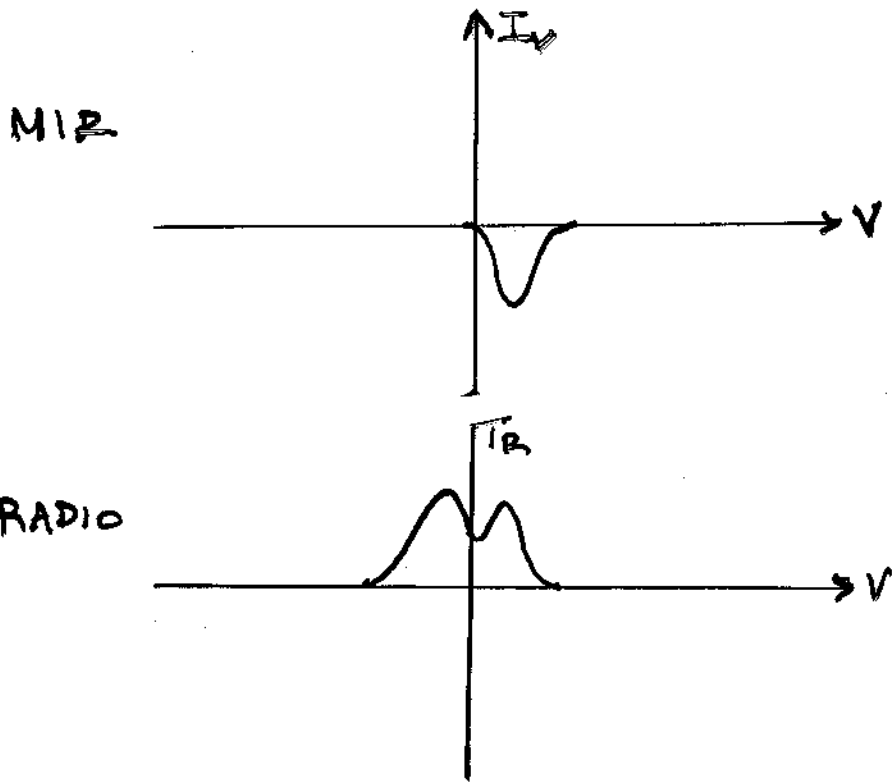
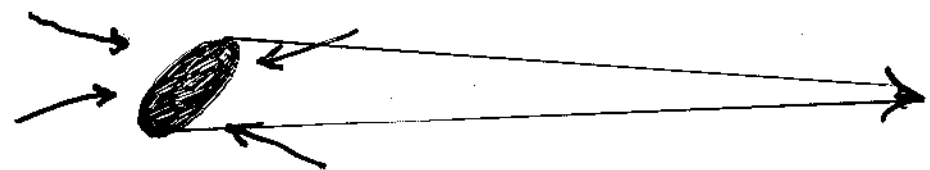
SPATIAL RESOLUTION $\theta \sim 10'' \left(\frac{\lambda}{100 \mu\text{m}} \right) \rightarrow$
 $1400 \text{ AU} \left(\frac{\lambda}{100 \mu\text{m}} \right)$

USING MID-INFRARED

DISK OPAQUE, DOMINATES EMISSION

ONLY
SEE
FRONT

{ WITH SMALL BEAM, NEARBY SOURCE, RIGHT ANGLE,
DISK OCCULTS BACK OF CLOUD
VIB. LINES FROM ENVELOPE - TOO COLD TO EMIT



SUMMARY

STUDY OF PROTOSTELLAR COLLAPSE

MAY BECOME "NORMAL" SCIENCE

SOFIA WILL ADD CRUCIAL INFORMATION